

Trigeneration saves energy, produces free heat and reduces CO₂ emissions

-What could possibly go wrong?



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Trigeneration is a great idea...



- Simultaneous generation of electricity and thermal energy - HW & CHW
- Achieve up to 80% efficiency vs. 30% from conventional grid
- Using natural gas reduces carbon emissions from 1060 to 550 kg/MWh (in NSW)
- NABERS uplift in the range 1-2 stars
- Green Star uplift - especially when 6 Stars is the objective
- Can be configured for standby/backup operation

Typical Project Development Process



- Site energy analysis - electrical and thermal data used to model & size optimal plant for max capacity utilization
- Assessment of electrical network connection - substation configurations, fault current issues etc
- Site evaluation: plant location in relation to switchboards, thermal reticulation, natural gas connection
- Authority approvals - Ausgrid, EPA
- Gas network capacity - confirmation & costs from Jemena
- Long term gas commodity contract - pricing & escalation, volumes & restrictions

Potential Pitfalls in Development Process



- Sizing errors - plants should operate at >80% capacity min 75 hrs/week for commercial payback.
 - Sizing to peak load will not achieve this
 - Results in part-year operation or de-rated operation
 - Reduced operation leads to not achieving NABERS target
 - De-rated operation - high maintenance costs
 - Base Building/Tenancy - uncertainty of Tenant take-up
 - Erroneous assumptions on exporting energy to grid
- Electrical network connection issues
 - Typically lack of attention to fault current at design stage results in expensive solutions to remedy
 - Impractical design based on island-mode off grid operation
- Natural Gas connection
 - Potential network augmentation costs could be significant - blow the business case
 - Especially with greenfields sites - need to confirm with Jemena early on

Potential Pitfalls in Development Process - *contd...*



- EPA approvals - oxides of nitrogen (NO_x)
 - Depending on engine size will require SCR - NSW & QLD
 - Cost needs to be modelled
 - Sometimes SCR utilized unnecessarily
- Long term gas commodity contract - pricing & escalation, volumes & restrictions
 - Inaccurate gas usage forecast - under use will still have take-or-pay which will further impact business case
 - Daily over-run charges can similarly incur heavy penalties
 - Important to make accurate volume estimates
 - This is often an issue if plant has been oversized resulting in under-operation and reduced gas usage volume

In summary...



- Trigen is a great idea with significant energy efficiency and environmental benefits
- Not as straightforward as it may appear
- The challenges are not all technical - there are commercial/ regulatory issues as well
- Lack of attention to key points has resulted in "bad press" at times